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Linking soil carbon protection and sequestration from climatesmart soil practices to NDCs

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Soil organic carbon (SOC) sequestration

Technical annual SOC sequestration potential (agriculture)

Annual agricultural GHG emissions

• 5.2-5.8 Gt CO2eq year-1

(Smith P. et al., 2014)

• 2-5 Gt CO₂ year⁻¹ ~38-86 %

(Fuss et al., 2018; Smith et al., 2019)

Rank	Country	SOC sequestration potential (Mt C yr ⁻¹) (Zomer et al., 2017a)
1	USA	124.66
2	India	103.8
3	China	65.42
4	Russia	62.59
5	Australia	36.23
6	Brazil	35.88
7	Canada	26.78
8	Mexico	21.1
9	Nigeria	19.77
10	Ukraine	17.29
16	Kazakhstan	13.24

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Soil organic carbon (SOC) protection

Risk of SOC loss from peatlands

• 2 202 Gt CO2eq

(Leifeld and Menichetti, 2018; Rumpel et al., 2019) Exploited for agricultural production due to high fertility

~ 1.91 Gt CO2eq year⁻¹

(Leifeld and Menichetti, 2018)

Soil organic carbon (SOC) protection



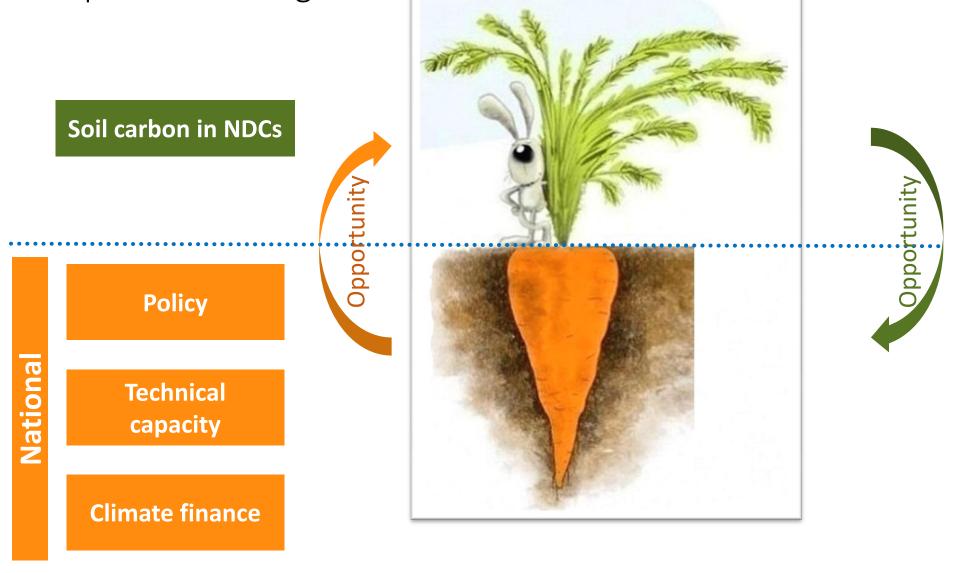
Nationally Determined Contributions

- Voluntary pledges for mitigation and adaptation to meet the 2015 Paris Agreement goals
- Support should be provided to developing countries to allow higher ambition
 - Enhance capacity to prepare, communicate and account for NDCs
- Since October 2019 all 12 Eurasian countries ratified Paris Agreement

184 Parties have submitted their first NDCs.1 Party has submitted their second NDCs.

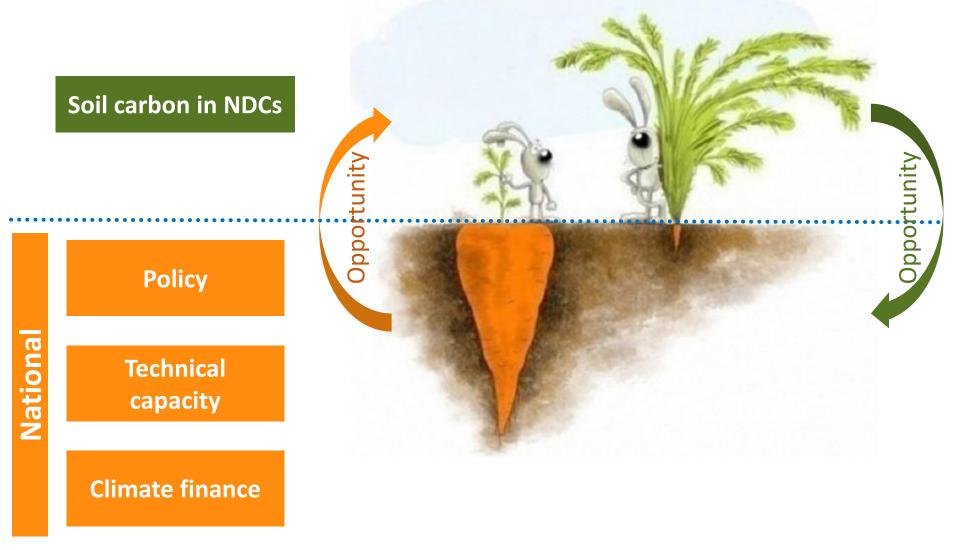
Nationally Determined Contributions

Platform and opportunity to specify SOC protection and sequestration targets



Nationally Determined Contributions

Platform and opportunity to specify SOC protection and sequestration targets



Soil organic carbon in the NDCs

SOC specified in NDC agriculture / AFOLU targets

10 countries

SOC specified in general NDC text

3 countries

Armenia

- Overall mitigation target to "achieve ecosystem neutral GHG emissions in 2050" (2.07 tCO2eq per year per capita)
 - Under Land Use and Forestry sector "(afforestation, forest protection, carbon storage in soil)"
 - Further stipulates to "ensure organic carbon conservation, accumulation and storage in all categories of lands through comprehensive measures".

Sources:

Richards, 2019 Richards et al. 2016 Hönle et al. 2018 Revised NDCs

Measures for SOC sequestration/protection in

Number of countries specifying measures that would support soil carbon sequestration or protection

Measure/s	Mitigation	Adaptation
Grassland/ Pasture land management	13 (Azerbaijan)	15 (Moldova)
Erosion control	9	41 (Georgia, Moldova)
Integrated soil fertility management	6	13 (Uzbekistan)
Protecting/Rewetting peat soils	11 (Belarus)	3
Agroforestry/Silvo-pastoralism	31	36
Organic amendments (manure,	12	10
compost, biochar)		
Reduced/stopped (crop residue)	11	6
burning		
Residue retention (mulching)	3	3
Reduced or no-tillage	5	6 (Moldova)
Conservation agriculture	21	13

Concluding remarks

- NDCs provide an opportunity for countries to quantify SOC-related targets to leverage support for national policies, technical capacity development, access to climate finance, increase transparency for global SOC accounting
- Identify appropriate climate-smart agriculture practices to protect or sequester soil carbon in Eurasia
- Include soil carbon measurement and monitoring as part of climate-smart agriculture management planning and implementation
- Include soil carbon as parameter in climate-smart agriculture-related research linked to climate change



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